Exercise 1. give a proof sketch for the induction for `mlength`.

Exercise 2. Find three useful specifications for `swap`:

1. a specification for non-aliased (distinct) arguments:

2. a specification for aliased (equal) arguments:

3. (bonus) a most-general specification:

Exercise 3. what is the specification of `f` in the following program?

```
let r = ref 3                let f () = incr r
```

Then, show that `f(); f(); !r` returns 5.

Exercise 4. specify a counter function, only in terms of $f \rightsquigarrow \mathsf{Count}\, n$.

$$\forall \quad \begin{array}{l} \{\quad\} \\ \{\quad\} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \texttt{mkcounter()} \\ \texttt{f()} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \{\quad\} \\ \{\quad\} \end{array}$$

Exercise 5. give two specifications for the function `refapply`.
In the first, assume `f` to be pure, and introduce a predicate $P\, x\, y$.
In the second, assume that `f` also modifies the state from H to H'.

$$\forall r\, f\, x\, H\, H'\, P. \quad \begin{array}{l} \{\quad\}\ (f\ x)\ \{\lambda\ .\quad\} \\ \{\quad\}\ (\texttt{refapply}\, r\, f)\ \{\lambda\ .\quad\} \end{array} \quad \Rightarrow$$

Exercise 6. specify `repeat`, using an invariant I, of type $\mathsf{int} \to \mathsf{Hprop}$.

Exercise 7. specify `iter`, using an invariant I, of type $\mathsf{list}\, \alpha \to \mathsf{Hprop}$.

Exercise 8. give the instantiatiation of the invariant I for `iter` in function `length`; then, write the specialization of the specification of `iter` to I and to `(fun x -> incr r)`; finally, check that the premise is provable.

Exercise 9. give the invariant I involved in the call to `iter` in function `sum`.

Exercise 10. specify `iter` using an invariant that depends on the list of items remaining to process, instead of on the list of items already processed. Then, prove the new specification derivable from the old one.

$$\begin{array}{l} \quad (\forall \qquad\qquad \{ \qquad\qquad \}\ (f\ x)\ \{\lambda\_. \qquad\qquad \}) \\ \Rightarrow\ \{I'\ l\}\ (\mathsf{iter}\ f\ l)\ \{\lambda\_.\ I'\ \mathsf{nil}\} \end{array}$$

Exercise 11.

```
let r = ref 0
let count_and_sum l =
  fold_left (fun a x -> incr r; a+x) 0 l
```

give the instantiation of the invariant J in `count_and_sum`

Exercise 12. give a specification for `fold_right`.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \forall f l a J. & (\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad) \\ & \Rightarrow\ \{J\ a\ \mathsf{nil}\}\ (\texttt{fold\_right}\ f\ l\ a)\ \{\lambda b.\ J\ b\ l\} \end{array}$$

Exercise 13. Give heaps satisfying the following predicates:

(1). $\ulcorner\urcorner \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ (1 \mapsto 2)$: . . . .
(2). $\ulcorner\mathsf{False}\urcorner \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ (1 \mapsto 2)$: . . . .

(3). $\ulcorner x \geqslant 1\urcorner \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ \ulcorner x \geqslant 0\urcorner$: . . . .
(4). $(1 \mapsto 4) \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ (1 \mapsto 4) \star (2 \mapsto 3)$: . . . .

(5). $(1 \mapsto 2) \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ (1 \mapsto 2)$: . . . .
(6). $(1 \mapsto 2) \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ \ulcorner\mathsf{False}\urcorner$: . . . .

(7). $(1 \mapsto 2) \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ \ulcorner\urcorner$: . . . .
(8). $(1 \mapsto 2) \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ (1 \mapsto 3)$: . . . .

Exercise 14. Among the following heap entailments, which hold?

(1). $P \rhd (Q \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ P \star Q)$
(2). $(Q \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ P \star Q) \rhd P$
(3). $(1 \mapsto 2) \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ (1 \mapsto 3) \rhd \ulcorner\mathsf{False}\urcorner$

(4). $(1 \mapsto 2) \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ (1 \mapsto 2 \star 2 \mapsto 8) \rhd 2 \mapsto 8$
(5). $\ulcorner\urcorner \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ P \rhd P$
(6). $P \rhd \ulcorner\urcorner \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ P$

(7). $\ulcorner\urcorner \rhd (P \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ Q \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ P \star Q)$
(8). $\ulcorner P \rhd Q\urcorner \rhd (P \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ Q)$
(9). $(P \twoheadrightarrow\!\!\ast\ Q) \rhd \ulcorner P \rhd Q\urcorner$

Exercise 15. What problem is there, if $x \leadsto RX$ is $x \mapsto X$ (i.e. $R = \mathsf{Ref}$)? How to generalize the specification to solve this problem?